24 & 25 December 2023

PYMBLE CATHOLIC PARISH

SACRED HEART & OUR LADY OF PERPETUAL SUCCOUR



Building a Christ-centred community of Love and Mercy



Dear Parishioners, School Communities, Friends and Visitors,

Christmas Prayer

Let the just rejoice, for their Justifier is born. Let the sick and infirm rejoice, For their Saviour is born. Let the captives rejoice, For their Redeemer is born. Let slaves rejoice, for their Master is born. Let free men rejoice, For their Liberator is born. Let All Christians rejoice, For Jesus Christ is born.

St. Augustine of Hippo

Pymble Parish Office Christmas Break

The Parish Office will be closed from Monday, 18 December 2023 to Friday, 12 January 2024. The Office will reopen on **Monday, 15 January 2024 at 8:30am**.

Contact details: (02) 9144 2702

office@pymblecatholicparish.org.au www.pymblecatholicparish.org.au

Every year on Christmas Day we express our wishes to each other and exchange gifts. What are your expectations for Christmas this year? What would you like to receive from God or from your family as a gift? Of course, we have different needs but, I think, the biggest desire we all should have is to have the presence of Jesus in our lives. We need the Saviour to be a part of our existence on earth. Not only that; we need him to be the Lord of our lives and of our homes.

May He truly be alive through our words and actions during this beautiful season. Let us be peacemakers and bring reconciliation to our families and friends. Please, come and join our community to celebrate the birth of Jesus Christ! May the Lord bless you and keep you in God's loving presence. We wish you all a merry and blessed Christmas! You are in our prayers.

Fr. Ireneusz, Fr. Paul, Fr Piotr and Parish Staff

www.pymblecatholicparish.org.au



Liturgy of the Word The Nativity of the Lord (24 Dec: 5pm and 9 pm)

Entrance Antiphon

Today you will know that the Lord will come, and he will save us

First Reading ls 62:1-5 A reading from the prophet Isaiah The Lord takes delight in you.

About Zion I will not be silent, about Jerusalem I will not grow weary, until her integrity shines out like the dawn and her salvation flames like a torch. The nations then will see your integrity, all the kings your glory, and you will be called by a new name,

one which the mouth of the Lord will confer. You are to be a crown of splendour in the hand of the Lord,

a princely diadem in the hand of your God; no longer are you to be named 'Forsaken', nor your land 'Abandoned', but you shall be called 'My Delight' and your land 'The Wedded'; for the Lord takes delight in you and your land will have its wedding. Like a young man marrying a virgin, so will the one who built you wed you, and as the bridegroom rejoices in his bride, so will your God rejoice in you.

Responsorial Psalm

(R.) For ever I will sing the goodness of the Lord.

1. 'I have made a covenant with my chosen one; I have sworn to David my servant: I will establish your dynasty for ever and set up your throne through all ages.' (R.)

2. Happy the people who acclaim such a king, who walk, O Lord, in the light of your face, who find their joy every day in your name, who make your justice the source of their bliss. (R.)

3. 'He will say to me: "You are my father, my God, the rock who saves me." I will keep my love for him always;

'Then he made David their king, of whom he approved in these words, "I have selected David son of Jesse, a man after my own heart, who will carry out my whole purpose". To keep his promise, God has raised up for Israel one of David's descendants, Jesus, as Saviour, whose coming was heralded by John when he proclaimed a baptism of repentance for the whole people of Israel. Before John ended his career he said, "I am not the one you imagine me to be; that one is coming after me and I am not fit to undo his sandal".'

Gospel Acclamation

Alleluia, alleluia!

Tomorrow the wickedness of the earth will be destroyed: the Saviour of the world will be our king. Alleluia!

Gospel Mt 1: 18-25 A reading from the holy Gospel according to Matthew

Mary will give birth to a son and you will name him Jesus.

This is how Jesus Christ came to be born. His mother Mary was betrothed to Joseph; but before they came to live together she was found to be with child through the Holy Spirit. Her husband Joseph, being a man of honour and wanting to spare her publicity, decided to divorce her informally. He had made up his mind to do this when the angel of the Lord appeared to him in a dream and said, 'Joseph son of David, do not be afraid to take Mary home as your wife, because she has conceived what is in her by the Holy Spirit. She will give birth to a son and you must name him Jesus, because he is the one who is to save his people from their sins.' Now all this took place to fulfil the words spoken by the Lord through the prophet:

The Virgin will conceive and give birth to a son and they will call him Emmanuel, a name which means 'God-is-with-us'. When Joseph woke up he did what the angel of the Lord told him to do: he took his wife to his home and, though he had not had intercourse with her, she gave birth to a son; and he named him Jesus.

Background on the Gospel Reading

Year B

The Gospel of Matthew tells the story of the birth of Jesus from Joseph's perspective. During his betrothal to Mary, Joseph learned that Mary was pregnant. Betrothal in firstcentury Jewish culture was more than an engagement period; it was part of the marriage contract. A breach of this contract was considered adultery. If adultery was proved, the punishment might be death. Joseph had rights under Mosaic Law, but he chose to act discreetly in his plans to break the marriage contract so as to protect Mary. The way that Joseph and Mary faced these extraordinary circumstances tells us much about these holy people and their faith in God.

Joseph did as the angel of the Lord directed. He took Mary to be his wife and accepted the child in her womb as his own. When Jesus was born, Joseph followed the directions of the angel and gave the child the name Jesus. We often recall Mary's cooperation in God's plan for our salvation. Today's Gospel reminds us of Joseph's important role, which was also crucial to God's plan for Jesus' birth.

Reflection

Knowing your family history is important in establishing your identity. The longer form of today's Gospel lists many of the ancestors of Jesus and serves to establish Jesus' place in the history of Israel. Many important figures from the Hebrew Scriptures are named in this genealogy: Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, Judah, Jesse, David, and Solomon, among many others. From among these names, however, two are highlighted: Abraham, the father of the Israelites because of God's promise to raise from his descendants a great nation, and David, the king who united the tribes of Israel and from whose descendants the Messiah would arise.

After you gather as a family, talk about the importance of your family's history. Recall where your ancestors came from. Tell some important stories from your family's history.

for him my covenant shall endure.' (R.)

Second Reading Acts 13:16-17. 22-25 A reading from the Acts of the Apostles Paul spoke of Christ, the son of David.

When Paul reached Antioch in Pisidia, he stood up in the synagogue, held up a hand for silence and began to speak:

'Men of Israel, and fearers of God, listen! The God of our nation Israel chose our ancestors, and made our people great when they were living as foreigners in Egypt; then by divine power he led them out.

In today's Gospel, we hear about Jesus' ancestors. Read today's Gospel, Matthew 1:1-25. Which names do you recognize from Hebrew Scripture? What do you know about these people? From this family history, we learn that Jesus is the fulfilment of God's promise to raise up a saviour from the people of Israel.

Conclude in prayer together thanking God for the gift of our Saviour, Jesus, who saves us from our sins. Sing together one or more favourite Christmas hymns and pray together the Glory Be to the Father.

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Liturgy of the Word The Nativity of the Lord (Midnight Mass)

Entrance Antiphon	Second Reading
The Lord said to me: You are my Son.	A reading from the letter of S
It is I who have begotten you this day.	God's grace has been revealed
First Reading Is 9:1-7	God's grace has been reveal
A reading from the prophet Isaiah	made salvation possible for
A son is given to us.	man race and taught us that
	to do is to give up everythin
The people that walked in darkness	lead to God, and all our wor
has seen a great light;	we must be self-restrained a
on those who live in a land of deep shadow	and religious lives here in th
a light has shone.	world, while we are waiting
You have made their gladness greater,	blessing which will come wi
you have made their joy increase;	ing of the glory of our great
they rejoice in your presence	iour Christ Jesus. He sacrific
as men rejoice at harvest time,	us in order to set us free fro
as men are happy when they are dividing the	
spoils.	ness and to purify a people
For the yoke that was weighing on him,	be his very own and would l
the bar across his shoulders,	tion except to do good.
the rod of his oppressor,	
these you break as on the day of Midian.	Gospel Acclamation
For all the footgear of battle,	Alleluia, alleluia!
every cloak rolled in blood,	Good News and great joy to all
is burnt	today is born our Saviour, Chris
and consumed by fire.	Alleluia!
For there is a child born for us,	
a son given to us	Gospel
and dominion is laid on his shoulders;	A reading from the holy Gosp
and this is the name they give him:	Luke
Wonder-Counsellor, Mighty-God,	Today a saviour has been born
Eternal-Father, Prince-of-Peace.	
Wide is his dominion	Caesar Augustus issued a decr
in a peace that has no end,	of the whole world to be take
for the throne of David	the first – took place while Qu
and for his royal power,	ernor of Syria, and everyone v
which he establishes and makes secure	town to be registered. So Jose
in justice and integrity.	the town of Nazareth in Galile
From this time onwards and for ever,	up to Judaea, to the town of [
the jealous love of the Lord of hosts will do this.	called Bethlehem, since he wa
	House and line, in order to be
Responsorial Psalm	gether with Mary, his betrothe
(B) Today is born our Saviour. Christ the Lord	with child. While they were th

R (R.) Today is born our Saviour, Christ the Lord.

1. O sing a new song to the Lord, sing to the Lord all the earth. O sing to the Lord, bless his name. (R.)

St Paul to Titus

to all people.

aled, and it has r the whole huat what we have ng that does not orldly ambitions; and live good his present g in hope for the ith the Appearat God and savced himself for om all wickedso that it could have no ambi-

ll the world: ist the Lord.

Lk 2:11-14 pel according to

n for you.

ree for a census en. This census – uirinius was govwent to his own seph set out from ee and travelled David as of David's e registered tohed, who was with child. While they were there the time came for her to have her child, and she gave birth to a son, her first-born. She wrapped him in swaddling clothes, and laid him in a manger because there was no room for them at the inn. In the countryside close by there were shepherds who lived in the fields and took it in turns to watch their flocks during the night. The angel of the Lord appeared to them and the glory of the Lord shone round them. They were terrified, but the angel said, 'Do not be afraid. Listen, I bring you news of great joy, a joy to be shared by the whole people. Today in the town of David a saviour has been born to you; he is Christ the Lord. And here is a sign for you: you will find a baby wrapped in swaddling clothes and lying in a manger.' And suddenly with the angel there was a great throng of the heavenly host, praising God and singing: 'Glory to God in the highest heaven and peace to men who enjoy his favour.'

Ti 2:11-14 Background on the Gospel Reading

During the Christmas season, our liturgy invites us to consider the birth of the Lord from many vantage points. As we begin this season, it is useful to remember that the stories of Jesus' birth and childhood are found in only two of our Gospels, Matthew and Luke. Throughout this season, we will hear stories from both Gospels. Those Gospels tell different but complementary stories about Jesus' birth, highlighting items of theological importance about the Incarnation and the salvation that Jesus brings.

On this day, the Feast of Christmas, we are given the details of Christ's birth as found in the Gospel of Luke. Here we learn about the census that brings Mary and Joseph from Nazareth to Bethlehem, where Jesus is born. We also hear about the angel's announcement of this good news to the shepherds. In these details, we find two of Luke's particular concerns: (1) to locate the coming of Christ in the wider framework of salvation history as good news for all people, Gentiles and Jews, and (2) to show the Lord's favour upon the poor and lowly.

In Luke's Gospel, Jesus is born as one of the poor. Laid in a manger in a stable, because there was no room at the inn, he comes into the world through obscure and surprising means. Yet, as the angel proclaims this good news to the shepherds, this infant is announced as the Messiah and Lord. In the song of the angels, all are invited to give glory to God for this miraculous birth, in which God comes to share our humanity.

The angels sing that Jesus' coming brings peace. Yet there is little in the details of this Gospel that gives evidence of peace. Jesus is born as a traveller away from home, born in a stable in a crowded city under the occupation of foreigners. The appearance of the angel to the shepherds frightens them. When the angels proclaim Jesus' birth as the harbinger of "peace on earth," the evangelist Luke clearly wants us to take the long view. The shepherds are invited to claim a faith that will enable them to see this infant as a sign God's promise of a messiah. It is through such faith that one finds the peace of which the angels sing.

2. Proclaim his help day by day, tell among the nations his glory and his wonders among all the peoples. (R.)

3. Let the heavens rejoice and earth be glad, let the sea and all within it thunder praise, let the land and all it bears rejoice, all the trees of the wood shout for joy at the presence of the Lord for he comes, he comes to rule the earth. (R.)

4. With justice he will rule the world, he will judge the peoples with his truth. (R.)

Pray together for people in today's world who may experience circumstances like those found in the story of Jesus' birth. Pray for those who are far from home, those who live in fear, those who live in need. Sing together one or more Christmas hymns, such as "Hark the Herald Angels Sing" or

"Angels We Have Heard on High."

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Liturgy of the Word The Nativity of the Lord (25 Dec: 7:45, 9 and 9:30 am)

Entrance Antiphon

A child is born for us, and a son is given to us; his sceptre of power rests upon his shoulder, and his name will be called Messenger of great counsel.

First Reading

ls 52**:**7-10

A reading from the prophet Isaiah All the ends of the earth shall see the saving power of our God.

How beautiful on the mountains, are the feet of one who brings good news, who heralds peace, brings happiness, proclaims salvation, and tells Zion, 'Your God is king!' Listen! Your watchmen raise their voices, they shout for joy together, for they see the Lord face to face, as he returns to Zion. Break into shouts of joy together, you ruins of Jerusalem; for the Lord is consoling his people, redeeming Jerusalem. The Lord bares his holy arm in the sight of all the nations, and all the ends of the earth shall see the salvation of our God

Responsorial Psalm (R.) All the ends of the earth have seen the saving power of God.

 Sing a new song to the Lord for he has worked wonders.
His right hand and his holy arm have brought salvation. (R.)

2. The Lord has made known his salvation; has shown his justice to the nations. He has remembered his truth and love for the house of Israel. (R.)

3. All the ends of the earth have seen the salvation of our God. Shout to the Lord all the earth, ring out your joy. (R.) He is the radiant light of God's glory and the perfect copy of his nature, sustaining the universe by his powerful command; and now that he has destroyed the defilement of sin, he has gone to take his place in heaven at the right hand of divine Majesty. So he is now as far above the angels as the title which he has inherited is higher than their own name.

God has never said to any angel: You are my Son, today I have become your father, or: I will be a father to him and he a son to me. Again, when he brings the First-born into the world, he says: Let all the angels of God worship him.

Gospel Acclamation

Alleluia, alleluia! A holy day has dawned upon us. Come you nations and adore the Lord. Today a great light has come upon the earth. Alleluia!

Gospel Jn 1:1-5. 9-14 A reading from the holy Gospel according to John

The Word of God became flesh and dwelt among us, and we saw his glory.

In the beginning was the Word: the Word was with God and the Word was God. He was with God in the beginning. Through him all things came to be, not one thing had its being but through him. All that came to be had life in him and that life was the light of men, a light that shines in the dark, a light that darkness could not overpower. The Word was the true light that enlightens all men; and he was coming into the world. He was in the world that had its being through him, and the world did not know him. He came to his own domain and his own people did not accept him. But to all who did accept him he gave power to become children of God, to all who believe in the name of him who was born not out of human stock or urge of the flesh or will of man but of God himself. The Word was made flesh, he lived among us. And we saw his glory, the glory that is his as the only Son of the Father, full of grace and truth.

Background on the Gospel Reading

As we observe in today's reading, the Gospel of John includes highly philosophical and theological language. One example that particularly stands out is John's use of the expression, "Word of God." This expression (logos in the Greek) borrows from a concept found in both Jewish and Greek thought. In Jewish thought, this phrase describes God taking action—for example, in the Creation story and in the Wisdom literature. In Greek, or Hellenistic, thought, the logos was understood as an intermediary between God and humanity. John and others in the early Church adopted this language to describe God's incarnation in Jesus. As the term was used to express the trinitarian faith of Christians, the word Logos came to be equated with the Second Person of the Trinity.

In this prologue to the Gospel of John, the main themes that will be developed in his Gospel are introduced. These themes are presented as dualities: light/darkness, truth/falsehood, life/ death, and belief/unbelief. We also hear in this prologue a unique aspect of John's Gospel the motif of testimony. John the Baptist was sent by God to testify about Jesus, the light. Others in this Gospel will also offer testimony about Jesus. The reader is invited to accept this testimony, which bears witnesses to Jesus, the Son of God. But even more directly, Jesus' action and words will themselves testify to his identity with God as God's Incarnate Word.

Thinking about Jesus' birth in these theological and cosmological terms seems particularly appropriate as we celebrate the feast of Christmas in the darkness of winter. At this time, nature itself seems to remind us of the darkness of sin. Into this darkness, in the midst of our sinfulness, God comes to dwell among us. John's Gospel reminds us that through the Incarnation, God saves us from the darkness of sin and makes us his children.

John's Gospel reminds us that the image we see in our Nativity set is a most remarkable sight: God made himself at home with us by taking on flesh and becoming a human person. We call this mystery the Incarnation. What are some of the things that John's Gospel says happened for us because Jesus came to dwell among us? (Light overcame darkness; we see God's glory in Jesus; we became children of God.) Together thank God for this mystery of the Incarnation and the salvation that we received because Jesus was born among us.

4. Sing psalms to the Lord with the harp, with the sound of music.With trumpets and the sound of the horn acclaim the King, the Lord. (R.)

Second ReadingHeb 1:1-6A reading from the letter to the HebrewsIn our own time, God speaks to us through hisSon.

At various times in the past and in various different ways, God spoke to our ancestors through the prophets; but in our own time, the last days, he has spoken to us through his Son, the Son that he has appointed to inherit everything and through whom he made everything there is.

Sing together a Christmas hymn, such as "O Come, All Ye Faithful" or "Silent Night."

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